MISSIONERS. MY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE

ALBANY, Monday, April 22, 1857. The City Tax Levy as it has passed both Houses and which is now awaits the signature of Gov. Fenton is of so much importance to your citizens that I send a faithful transcript from the engrossed copy in the pos-

assaion of the Governor:

Ax Act to enable the Board of Supervisors of the Countr of New York
to raise money by tax for the use of the corporation of the City of to raise money by tax for the use of the countr of New York of New York, and in relation to the expenditure thereof; and to provide for the aediting and payment of unsettled claims against said city, and in relation to actions at law against said city, and in relation to actions at law against said corporation.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact its follows: The Prople of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York are hereby authorized and required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passage of this act, to order and cause to be leviced and raised by tax upon the estates by law subject to taxation within said county, and to be collected according to law, for the use of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, an amount of money equal to the aggregate of the several sums hereinafter stated, after deducting from such aggregate, according to law, the estimated amount of income and receipts of said corporation for the current year, that is to say: Advertising for the Common Council, 850,000. The Controller of the City of New-York is hereby directed to select three daily and three weekly newspapers, published in the City of New-York, as papers wherein the proceedings of the Common Council, or either branch thereof, and the notices of its committees, shall be published, and shall cemmunicate to the Common Council, and to the City of New-York, as papers wherein the proceedings of the Common Council, or of either branch thereof, or notices of its committees, shall be published, and thereof, or notices of its committees, shall be officially published in any other paper or papers. And hereafter the said Corporation shall not be liable for any debt inthereof, or follower on the commerces, search accepted published or actions shall not be liable for any debt incurred for advertising in contravention of this provision; and no person or corporation other than the proprietors of such selected papers any outcoment against the Mayor, and the proprietors of such selected papers any outcoment against the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonally of the City of New York, for publishing or advertising the proceedings of the Common Common of the Proprietors of the Common of the Com

being the 20 per cent retained by the city, \$14,400. For the Metropolitan Board of Health, to pay the expense of cleaning such streets, alleys, squares, and public places in the City of New-York as are not provided to be cleaned by any existing contract, the sum of \$5,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for that purpose. If at any time the said Board shall be of the opinion that the public health requires that any street or streets, avenue of avenues, public place or places, should be cleaned more frequently than is required by the existing contract for cleaning the streets, they may order the saine to be cleaned as much oftener as in their opinion the public health requires, and the Controller shall pay to the person doing the work, on the certificate of the President of said Board, the amount that may be agreed upon therefor, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of \$20,000, which sum is hereby appropriated therefor; but nothing herein contained shall be constructed as exempting the contractor for cleaning the streets from any existing liability. For the Inebriate Asylum in the city of New-York, established by chapter 141 of the laws of 1861, for the construction of, \$100,000, to be paid by the Controller, from time to time, on the requisition of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction. For the expenses of the Commissioners for improving the Pavement of Broadway, under the act of the Legislature, passed May 1, 1800, including rent clerk hire, counsel fees, and compensation of such contractor or contractors and for the payment of the contractor or contractors for improving said pavement under said act, 1800,157; and the Controller of the contractor or contractors as and whenever payments shall become due according to the terms of the contractor made by the said Commissioners, and for the warrant, or certificate of said Commissioners, and for the payment of the contractor made by the said Commissioners, and for the Goden expenses gfore.

or contractors as, and whenever payments shall become due according to the terms of the contract made by the said Commissioners, upon the warrant of certificate of said Commissioners, and for the addressed commissioners is such persons as they farell order and direct. The sum of \$19,900 is hereby authorized to be raised, as a fund to meet such expense as shall or may be incurred by the Croton Aqueduct Board in making repairs to street, pavements, under and in pursuance of an act of the Logislature, entitled "An act to correct abuses in the City of New York, in the relaying of pavement by property owners and others, whenever a portion of the pavement is tenporatily Zemoved," passed April 19, 1862; said fund to be subsect and the relaying of a pavement by property owners and others, whenever a portion of the pavement is tenporatily Zemoved, "passed April 19, 1862; said fund to be subsect and the relaying of pavement by property owners and others, whenever a portion of the pavement is tenporately Zemoved, "passed April 19, 1862; said fund to be subsect and the relaying of the said by the applied on the reto by the Controller of all such moneys as up; be collected by him or under his direction, in pure plaction thereto by the Controller of all such moneys appointed under chapter 120, laws of 1866, to build a public market in the City of New York, for salaries of Commissioners, counsel fees, and incidental expenses of Thomas Steplens, President, and Robert L. Darragh, Assistant Commissioner of the Croton Aqueduct Department, in surrel in maintaining the organization of the said Department, as provided by chapter six of the laws of 1866, against the action of the Mayor and the Board of Aldermenad of John J. Bradley, claiming the office of President files and Expense and for the Controller is leady authorized and directed to make the several expension of the said Department by their appointment, or so much of the said Department by their appointment, or so much of the said several sums shall be audited and certified b

Description Counsel.

Sec 2. The said several sums shall be applied only to the sleets and purposes for which the same are hereby spaiding is speciated, and neither said corporation, nor any mem of dameer.

ber er officer thereof, nor any department, head of de-partment, or other official, shall incur any liability for any of the objects and purposes specified, to an amount beyond the sums so appropriated; and the Common Council of the City of New-York are hereby prohibited from creating any new officer department. on creating any new office or department, or increas-the salaries of any person now holding office, or his

ca. 3. Should the Common Council neglect or refuse to

from creating any new office or department, or increasing the salaries of any person now holding office, or his successor.

SEC. 3. Should the Common Council neglect or refuse to make appropriations for the several amounts herein authorized by law, or any other amounts which are required and authorized by law to be raised by tax, for the necessary expenses of the City Government and the several boards or commissioners thereof, within 30 days from the passage of this act, then and in that case the Mayor and Controller are hereby authorized and directed to make said appropriations; and the appropriations thus made by the Mayor and Controller and Controller and Controller and Controller and the same as if made by the Common Guincil.

SEC. 4. The said several sums shall be applied only to the objects and purposes for which the same are hereby appropriated; and neither said corporation, nor any board, department, officer or agent thereof, shall incur any liability, or make any contract or contracts, or permit or vote for, or authorize, directly or indirectly, any expenditure or expenditures for any of the objects and purposes specified, the aggregate of which expenditures, and of the liabilities under such contracts, shall exceed the sum appropriated for said purpose, or for any other purpose or object than that herein specified.

SEC. 5. The Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York shall not be liable upon any contract made, or expenditures authorized, or liability incurred by any board, department, or officer of said corporation, for any object or purpose which is not expressly anthorized by this act, nor for any contract made, or expenditure authorized, or liability incurred by any board, department, or officer of said corporation for any object or purpose named in this act, beyond the amount appropriated to such specific object or purpose; and no judgment in actions upon contract shall be entered by default or otherwise in any court against the Mayor, and corporation or expenditure authorized, or

such actions.

SEC. 7. No portion of the amount raised under authority of this act shall be paid out or expended in discharging any obligations or indebtedness incurred in the year less, or prior thereto, except for any such obligation or indebtedness which is hereinbefore expressly directed to be seen.

or prior thereto, except for any such obligation or indestedness which is hereinbefore expressly directed to be pald out of such amounts.

SEC. S. The terms of office of the persons now constituting the Board of Councilmen of the City of New-York are hereby extended to the first Monday of January, 1863, and hereafter the term of Councilmen elected shall be for the full period of two years. Hereafter it shall not be lawful for the Common Councillot the City of New-York, or for either Board thereof, to appropriate, expend, or authorize the expenditure of any moneys belonging to the corporation of said city for any purpose whatever, or to create any dolligation binding on said corporation, except by a vote of three-fourths of all the members elected to each Board; nor shall any property of said corporation be transferred or leased, except by a like vote.

SEC. 2. The Controller of the City of New-York, Chauncey M. Depew. Benjamin W. Bonney, Lewis E. Woodruff, and John H. Martindale, are hereby created a Board of Audit, for the adjustment and settlement of all legal or equitable claims and accounts outstanding prior to Jan. 1, A. D. 1867, against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, who shall determine, under eath, the amount due on each claim, and shall certify to the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-Cork.

1, A. D. 1817, against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, who shall determine, under eath, the amount due on each claim, and shall certify to the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, the sum allowed by them, with the reasons for such allowance; and the said Board of Supervisors are hereby directed, at their first regular annual meeting, to cause to be raised by fax upon the estates, personal and real, within the said City and County of New-York, an amount sufficient for the payment of the claims so certified to dard legal expenses hereafter mentioned) by a unifority of such Board of Adult; and all persons having claims against the City of New-York, now unadjusted, are hereby required to present the same to the said Board of Adult; and the passage of this act; and in case any person now having an outstanding demand against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York shall neglect or refuse to present such claims to the Board of Audit within the said period of three months from the passage of this act, he shall be barried from the prosecution or maintenance of any right of action which he may have against the said the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York arising therefrom. The said Board of Audit, or any two of them, shall, within ten days after the passage of this act, appoint a day and place at which they will proceed with the hearing, in open Board, of the natters of such claims, which appointment shall be made by them by publishing a notice of the same in Tite New-York Tuning. The ing therefrom. The said Board of Audit, or any two of them, shall, within ten days after the passage of this act, appoint a day and place at which they will proceed with the hearing, in open Board, of the matters of such claims, which appointment shall be made by them by publishing a notice of the same in The New York Thurks. The New York Thurks. The New York Herd and The World at least thirty days before the day named therein for the hearing of such claims. And it shall be the duty of the Counse to the Corporation of the City of New York to appear before said Heard of Audit on behalf of said Mayor, Sildermen, and Commonalty, in the hearing of the matters of such claims, and to protect and defend the interests of the said City therein, and to employ assistant counsel therein whenever he may deem necessary, and on such hearing any member of the Corporation may be heard in opposition to any such claim. The said Board of Audit are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint a clerk at a salary not exceeding \$5 for each and every day he shall be engaged in and about the said matter; issue subpounds, with fluers tecum if necessary; administer oaths or affirmations, and to make their report in writing to the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, which report shall be final and conclusive upon such claimants, and the said the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York. If the said Board of Audit hereby created shall find and report that any person has a just, or equitable claim against the Mayor, Alderman, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, the amount of which shall be specified in their report, such amount shall be paid to the parties named in said report by the Controller of the City of New-York, the amount shall be paid to the parties named in said report by the Controller of the City of New-York. And out of the amount shall be paid to the parties named in said report by the Controller of the City of New-York, the amount shall be pead to the parties named in said report by the controller o

above designated shall receive \$10 per day for each day of actual service. But the said Board of Audit is forbiden to entertain, adjust, settle, or certify any claim upon which an action at law could not be brought at the time of the passage of this act, by reason of the statute of limitation of time of commencing civil action in this State, or which has been rejected by any court or judge for some reason other than the want of an appropriation or fund to meet the same. Provided, however, that where an action has been pending on any claim and such claim has been rejected for show want of an appropriation or fund to meet the same. He is a summary of the same the time during which such action has been pending shall not be counted as any part of the limitation of time of commencing an action on such claim.

SEC. 10. Hereafter all estimates for the anticipated annual expenditures of all board and departments of the Government of the city of New-York shall be made by the chie officer of every such board and department in connection with the Mayor and Controller of said city and submitted to the Common Council of said city at the first meeting thereof in January of each year; and said estimate, whether acted upon or not by said Common Council, shall be presented by the said Mayor to the Legislature of the State within three weeks from the time of being as submitted to the said Common Council, and said estimates shall be taken to be the sole official estimates of such Board and Department for such annual expenditures of the year when so presented.

SEC. 11. This act shall take effect immediately.

The way the County Tax levy was carried through both

The way the County Tax levy was carried through both Houses was shameful. In it were crowded the provision of many bills which would never have passed if they had not been tacked on to this levy. To show you how much the powers of the Metropolitan Police are increased, I send you the following extracts from the levy: "The Police Commissioners are to have the authority to offer rewards for the detection of all classes of crime; they can also increase their force to 2,000 men when they think proper, and appoint a captain and as many sergeants, not, however, exceeding four to each precinct. They are also to exercise all the powers, and perform all the duties now conferred by law and ordi nances upon the Mayor and the Common Council conjointly, and all other boards and officers, except the Board of Health, in respect to theaters and places of public amusement, keepers of boardinghouses for emigrant passengers, junk-shop keepers and junk boatmen, pawnbrokers, venders, hawkers and peddlers, dealers in second-hand articles, keepers of intelligence offices, auctioneers, backney coaches and carriages their owners and drivers, carts and cartmen, cabs and cabmen, public porters, omnibuses and their drivers, care and their drivers, to the same extent and with like effect as though the Board of Police was named in such laws and ordinances, in the place and stead of the Mayer and Common Council and other Boards and officers of the said City of New-York. They are also to have full power over all boats which require a license, etc. The Board of Supervisors are prohibited from creating any new officers or departments, or increasing the salaries of those now in office. The Treasurer of the Board of Excise is to receive for his compensation in collecting license fees and fines.

THE FLOOD ON THE COLORADO DESERT.

Commissioner.

\$1,500 in addition to what he now receives as a Police

St. Louis, April 22.—The Denver City News of the Sr. Louis, April 22.—The Denver City News of the 11th of April says that a Government train was recently destroyed on the Colorado Desert and two men drowned by a sudden rain storm, which sent a terrible flood down the narrow defile in which they were encamped.

HEALTH OF ARCHBISHOP SPALDING. T TRIMBARE TO THE TRIBUNE.

BALTIMORE, April 22.—The condition of Bisley paiding is much improved, and he is now considered or

## NEW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNE, TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1867. THE CONVENTION.

NEW-YORK CONSTITUTIONAL ELECTION. Tuesday, April 23. REPUBLICAN UNION TICKET: FOR DELEGATES AT

WALDO HUTCHINS, GEORGE WM. CURTIS! HORACE GREELEY, JOSHUA M. VAN COTT,

LARGE. IRA HARRIS, WILLIAM M. EVARTS, GEORGE OPDYKE, A. J. H. DUGANNE, CHARLES ANDREWS, TRACEY BEADLE, CHARLES J. FOLGER, ERASTUS S. PROSSER, AUGUSTUS FRANK.

ERASTUS COOKE, SENATORIAL DISTRICT NOMINATIONS. JOHN A. KING.
HENRY W. EASTMAN, PRANCIS GEORGE SHAW. HENRY W. ALL BEFORE E. B. SANDERSON.
HENRY WARD BEFCHER, E. L. SANDERSON.
GEORGE G. REYNOLDS.
JONATHAN S. BURR. HENRY WARD BEECHER,
GEORGE G. REYNOLDS.

JONATHAN S. BURR.

JONATHAN S. BURR.

JONATHAN S. BURR.

XFIIIb. and XFIIIb. IXth, XIb, XIIb, XIVth, XVIb,
XFIIIb. and XFIIIb. Wards, Brooklyn, and Towns of Kings.)

WILLIAM COIT.

JOSEPH W. JOHNSTON,

S. M. MEEKER.

S. M. MEEKER.

VI DISTRICT (Ist, IIst, IIst, IV, IV, IV, IV, IV, XIIIth, and JOHN FITCH.

PATRICK J. MCALEAR, THOMAS J. GLOVER, TH DISTRICT (VIIIth, IXth, XVth, and XVIth Wards, New-York,)
ANDREW BLEAKLEY. NORMAN STRATTON.
HENRY EVERETT RUSSELL. ISAAC DAYTON. VITH DISTRICT (XIth, Xth, and XVIIth Words, New-Fork.)
THOMAS LITTLE,
HENRY ZEIMER,
JOHN A. McLOUGHLIN. THE DISTRICT (XVIIII), XXth, and XXIst Wards, New-York.)
JONATHAN EDGAR.
DORMAN B. RATON, THOMAS B. VAN BUREN. VIIIth DISTRICT (XIIth, XIXth and XXIId Wards, New-York.)
CHARLES CHENRY, FRANCIS A. THOMAS,
CHARLES CRARY, EDGAR KETCHUM.

IXTH DISTRICT (Westchester, Putnam, and Rockland.)
PRANCIS LARRIN. AMBROSE RYDER,
FREDERICK A. COE. DANIEL ULLMANN. STEPHEN W. PULLERTON, WILLIAM H. HOUSTON, range and Sullivan.)
CLINTON V. B. LUDDINGTON,
GIDEON WALES. XITH DISTRICT (Dutchess and Columbia.)
JOHN STANTON GOULD,
PRANCIS SYLVESTER,
WILSON B. SHELDON. XIITH DISTRICT (Remasslaer and Washington.)
JOHN M. FRANCIS. CORNELIUS L. ALLEN.
JONATHAN P. ARMSTRONG. ADOLPHUS P. HITCHCOCK.

THOMAS HILLHOUSE, JOHN H. REYNOLDS. TRICT (Allgab.)
ALEXANDER S. JOHNSON,
HENRY SMITH. XIVTH DISTRICT (Greene and Ulster.)
GEORGE GRIFFIN. JAMES M. COOPER,
LINDSLEY BEACH. SEYMOUR L. STEBBINS. VTR DISTRICT (Sava atgomery, Fulton, Hamilton, MATTHEW HALE, A J. CHERRETREE, XVITE DISTRICT (
GEORGE M. BECKWITH,
N. G. AXTELL,

Laurence and Franklin.) EDWIN A. MERRITT, JOEL J. SEAVER. WILLIAM C. BROWN, LESLIE W. RUSSELL, MILTON H. MERWIN, JAMES A. BELL, Jefferson and Lewis.) MARCUS BICKFORD, EDWARD A. BROWN RICHARD U. SHERMAN. THEODORE W. DWIGHT. BENJ. N. HUNTINGTON, GEORGE WILLIAMS. E. C. PERRY. SORN EDDY.

M. LINDLEY LEE, ELIAS ROOT. LORING FOWLER, LESTER M. CASE. THOMAS G. ALVORD L. HARRIS HISCOCK endepa and Cortland.)
PATRICK, CORBETT
HORATIO BALLARD. SAMUEL F. MILLER, HOBART KRUM, XXIIID DISTRICT ELIZUR H. PRINDLE, JOHN GRANT, Out. Tingo. and Tompkins.)
C. E. PARKER.
OLIVER H. PERRY KINNEY.

MILO GOODRICH. STEPHEN D. RAND, Casage and Wayer.)
ORNON ARCHER,
LEANDER S. KETCHUM. XXVTH DISTRIC GEORGE RATHBUN, CHARLES C. DWIGHT, XXVI PR DISTRICT (O MELETIALI II, LAWRENCE, E. G. LAPHAM. dario, Yates, and Seneca.)
ANGUS McDONALD,
STERLING G. HADLEY. ELIJAH P. BROOKS, ABRAHAM LAWRENCE, XXVIITA DISTRICT (
DAVID RUMSEY,
GEORGE T. SPENCER, JEROME FULLER, LORENZO D. ELY, FIGEMAN CLARKE, WILLIAM A. REYNOLDS.

XXIXTR DISTRICT (Nie LEVI F. BOWEN, THOMAS T. FLAGLER, SETH WAKEMAN. BENJAMIN FIELD. XXXTH DISTRICT (W) WILLIAM H. MERRILL, ISAAU L. ENDRUS, JOHN M. HAMMOND, EDWARD J. PARNUM. JOHN L. TALCOTT JOHN WILKESON, SETH FENNER.

XXXIIs DISTRICT (Chi GRORGE LARKER, AUGUSTUS I. ALLEN, NORMAN M. ALLEN. HENRY VAN CAMPEN. THE ACTION OF THE GERMAN RADICAL COMMITTEE. The following letter from the President of the German Radical Republican Committee, addressed to Dr. H. Muhr, first Vice-President, will fully explain itself:

GENTLEMEN: In the meeting, held on the 19th of April, which, by illness, I was unfortunately prevented from attending, you have, on motion of Mr. Hugo Wesendonk, to oppose the election of Temperance candi dates and Sunday law fanatics, especially that of Mr Hornce Greeley." By this resolution you separate your selves from the Republican party whose great task of regenerating the Union is but buff finished; by this resolution you adopt a policy which, as much as it is in your power, will deliver the destintes of the Republic into the declare that you value more the satisfaction of your own peculiar wishes than the accomplishment of a political regeneration, which is to be one of the greatest victories of humanity. My conviction and inutterable resolution are contained in the following words: As long as the Republican party energetically represents, in its main features, the cause for whose triumph the Liberal German citizens joined that party in the Frement campaign, I shall consider it the most sacred duty to remain faithful to it, even if, on other issues, my views should differ from the programme of the party. I am fully convinced that a great number of German Radicals are animated with the same feelings. At all events, I can and will have nothing to do with the policy inaugurated by Mr. Wesendonk's regardless motion, and declare that from this moment I cease to be President and member of the German Radical Republican Central Commutee. Respect-PELDERIC SCHUTZ.

New-York, April 21, 1867.

MASS MEETING OF COLORED CITIZENS. At a mass meeting of the colored citizens of this city, held last evening at Smith's Hall, corner Biecker and Morton-sts., James J. Spelman presiding, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

lowing resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That we will use our utmost endeavor to elect the Republican nominees for the approaching Constitutional Convention, because they favor the extension of the franchise to colored citizens.

Resolved, That the times call on each and every one constituting this meeting to labor from daylight until the close of the polls to morrow to bring out every voter.

Resolved, That as an earnest of our determination to do our duty to morrow, that each of us sign a written pledge to perform that duty.

Eloquent species indexing the resolutions were made.

Eloquent speeches indorsing the resolutions were made by George T. Downing, esq., P. R. Smith, Dr. P. Guignon, R. D. Kenney, E. B. Conovers, Wm. Mars, and E. V Clark. Amid great enthusiasm the meeting adjourned. After the adjournment, a delegation from the Vth Dis-trict waited upon Andrew Bleakley, esq., and pledged the support of the colored voters to the ticket headed by his

AN APPEAL TO COLORED VOTERS. To the Colored Voters of the City of New-York:

GENTLEMEN: On Tuesday, April 23, you will be called upon to vote for Members of the Convention to revise the Constitution of this State. As that Constitution reads at present, no colored man can vote unless he have a property qualification of \$250. This we all consider outrageous injustice; and we hope (not without reason) that we shall be able to send a sufficient number of intelligent and just men to that Convention to change the present wording of the Constitution, and extend the right of the Elective Franchise to all males in the State who have the requisite qualifications, without any reference to the hue of a man's skin, the color of his hair, or the shape of his nose. Go, therefore, to the Polls on Tuesday next, and vote only for men who are pledged to vote to remove all dis-tinctire clauses against us in that Constitution. Let every man go to the Polls. WILLIAM HOWARD DAY, Chairman of the Independent Political Association of the Colored Citizens of New-York.

No. 474 Broome-st., New-York City, April 20, 1867. MR. CHARLES ROOME DECLINES.

Mr. Charles Roome, who was nominated by the "Con-stitutional Union" Democracy as a delegate from the Wth Senatorial District, desires to say that he is not a candidate at all, and that he so informed those who arged his acceptance of the nomination. JUDGE CARDOZO DECLINES.

The following letter has been written by Judge Cardozo, declining the nomination as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention:

tional Convention:

No. 12 West Forty-seventh-st., April 17, 1867.

George J. Wood, esq.—My Dear Sir.\* I beg you to express to the Convention, on whose behalf you have tendered me the nomination for the position of delegate to the Constitutional Convention, my high appreciation of the honor it has done me.

It is utterly impossible, in consequence of the state of health of a member of my family, for me to accept a nomination which might result in my being from home for a considerable period. This consideration, and the fact that judical auties, as one member of the Court, of which there are in all Pat three Judges, will undoubtedly be absent) with necessary and with a deep and lasting sense of other plans of the autients of the autients. The property of the continuous of the court, of the partially manifested for me by pay accept any thanks for your kindness.

Very truly yours,

Aleest Cardozo.

Very truly yours, Albert of Albert of Albert of Weissmann Declines.

To the Editor of The Tribuar. Sin: You will much oblige me by stating in your valuable paper that I stand in no connection with the Conservative Republican party, and that I have not accepted | Helped to a little capital by an old schoolmate, he shut

any nomination from the same as delegate to the State Convention. Very respectfully yours, AUGUSTUS WEISSMANN. New-York, April 22, 1867.

CHANGE OF POLLING PLACES. The polling places of the First and the Third Election Districts of the Twenty-second Ward have been changed since the Fall election. The First District polling place is at No. 534 Eighth-ave.; that of the Second is at No. 543 Eighth-ave.

#### MEXICO.

CONFIRMATION OF THE CAPTURE OF PURBLA-A NUMBER OF IMPERIALISTS SHOT.

GALVESTON, April 22 .- The United States steamer Tahoma arrived from Tampico the 17th, and brings positive confirmation of the capture of Puebla. It is represented that Ortega, who is in great favor with the citizens of Tampico, and for whom they would pronounce, has not the remotest chance. Letters from the Liberal camp at Queretaro says Gen. Diaz shot six general officers and sixty-one of lesser grade, who were captured at Puebla, it is alleged, in retaliation for the October decree.

### THE PACIFIC COAST.

RIOT IN NEVADA-TWENTY PERSONS KILLED.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 22 .- A riot occurred among the workmen of the Silver Bend Mining Company at Belmont, Nevada, on the 18th inst. The mob rode Mr. Canfield, the agent of the company, on a rail, and committed other outrages. A shooting affray also occurred during the riot, in which 20 men were killed. Mr. Canfield escaped unburt.

SANITARY MEASURES IN THE ARMY.

IMPORTANT CIRCULAR FROM THE WAR DEPARTMENT. BY TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUTE. WASHINGTON, April 22.—The following circular has

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The following circular has just been issued:

WAR DEPARTMENT, SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE, 
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20, 1867.

In view of the possible prevalence of cholera during the approaching Summer, the following instructions are premulgated: Every endeavor will be made by medical officers to prevent the introduction of cholera from infected commands, or its conveyance from point to point, by a "quarantine of observation" upon all detachments of recruits or troops arriving or departing from depots, posts, or recruiting stations at or near which this disease prevails. Prompt reports of its appearance in commands, either en route or in garrison, and isolation of all cases, so far as practicable. In addition to the strictest hygienic police enforcement of personal cleanliness and thorough disinfection, aftention should be paid to the quality of the water used for drinking and cooking purposes. When pure rain-water cannot be procured in sufficient quantities, and the spring or river water contains organic impurities, it should be purified by distillation or the noxions matter precipitated by permanganate of potash, from half a grain to one grain of the crystallized permanganate, or its equivalent in solutions, added to one gallon of water, should produce a decided pinkish hue, which disappears within '25 hours, if the sait has not been used in excess. The water should then be drawn off and is ready for use. Turbid water, stuch as that of the Rio Grande, Lower Mississippi and its tributances should be filtered or allowed to settle before using. The deposit of impurities can be hastened by the addition of powdered alum in small quantities, well diffused by stirring. It is always, but more especially in times of threatened danger of pestilence, the duty and privilege of medical officers to submit the practical suggestions of experience and professional knowledge for the protection of the health of troops to their commanding officers, and the history of the epidemic of cholera in 1866, shows th

# THE FLOODS.

INTERRUPTION OF TRAVEL ON THE PACIFIC BAILWAY BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

St. Louis, April 22.-Since the interruption of travel on the Omaha Branch of the Pacific Railroad by floods in Nebraska, passengers and freight are coming from Omaha and Chicago to Leavenworth and St. Louis from Omaha and Chicago to Leavenworth and St. Lonis for Detwer and other points on the Plains via the Kansas Branch of the Pacific Eailway. The latter road is in fine condition and connects regularly and promptly with the Missouri Facific at Kansas City, the high water in the Missouri Eiver being no impediment to travel, the overflow not reaching the track. The Poincel Statios mains for Deriver have been ordered from Chicago to St. Louis to be forwarded by the Kansas route.

## THE ISTHMUS CANAL CONTRACTS.

ACTION OF THE COLOMBIAN CONGESS. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, April 22.-An official translation has een made of the law of the Congress of the United States of Colombia, disapproving in all its parts of the contracts entered into on the 23d of January, 1866, between the Executive power and Mr. Eustacio de la Ferre Narvaez, attorney of Mr. Henry Duesbury, for the opening of an inter-secanic canal in Colombian territory. The Executive power is authorized, by the said article, to enter into a contract for the opening of such a canal through any part of the Colombian territory upon certain conditions, among them the following: The term of the privilege shall be for 29 years, commencing to count from the day the canal is opened to the public service, either in whole or in part, and the grantee, or his representatives, commence to charge toll for transit or navigation. During the term of this privilege the Government shall not construct nor grant to any company or individual, under any pretext, the right of way to construct any other canal communicating between the two occans, should the grantee build a railroad as auxiliary to the canal, across the territory, the Government shall neither construct nor grant to any company or individual the grante to the reliance of the transition of the first grant. The canal must be finished and opened in their 10 years counting from the date of the first grant. The canal must have sufficient width, and all the conditions necessary to permit the navigation of steam and sailing vessels of the greatest tunnage customary at the present day, excepting the Grant Eastern. The necessary public lands are granted, together with all other privileges. The Government of the Republic declares the ports at both ends of the canal, and the waters of the latter from granted, together with all other privileges. The Government of the Republic declares the ports at both ends of the canal, and the waters of the latter from one end to the other, as neutral for all time, and, therefore, in case of war between other nations, or between one or more with Colombia, the transit through the canal shall not, for that reason, be interrupted, and merchant vessels, and individuals of all nations of the world, may enter said ports, and pass through the canal withoutsieng troubled or detained in any way, excepting all foreign troops, who may not pass without permission from Congress.

#### ELIAS HOWE, Jr., THE INVENTOR OF THE SEWING-MACHINE.

One of the inferesting objects in the present exhibition of the New-York Academy of Design, is the bust of Elias Howe, jr., the inventor of the sewing-machine, executed by Ellis. Frequenters of Broadway will not need to turn to the catalogue when they pause before this work, for the faithful chisel of the artist has reproduced those peculiarities which render Mr. Howe one of the marked men of the street. Nothing is wanting to complete the portrait but to cover that mass of Olympian urls with a steeple-crown hat, such as we see in pictures of Cromwell's Roundheads, and of the Puritan fathers of New England. The exhibition of this bust is well timed. An article appears in The Atlantic Monthly for May, which relates in considerable detail the strange history of the invention which has rendered Elias Howe a banefactor to mankind. Mr. Ellis shows the public, and will show posterity, how Mr. Howe looks, and Mr. Parton tells us in The Atlantic why he is worth looking at. By the side of a mill-stream, in an old town of Massa-

husetts, where his father was a farmer and miller, Elias Howe was born in 1819. There was a vein of inventive ingenuity in the family; one of the uncles of Ellas invented a successful machine for splitting palm leaf into strips for straw hats, and the family could point to other ingenious devices originated among themselves. Elias Howe spent his boyhood in assisting his father in the culture of his farm and the running of his mills, and he was a self-supporting individual, as Yankee boys usually are, as soon as he could reach high enough to let down the bars for the cattle. At 16, the family nest being overerowded, the youth went to Lowell, where he found employment in a machine shop; and at 20, was a journeyman umchivist in Boston, carning \$8 a week. It was in a shop in Cornhill, Boston, twenty-seven years

ago, that the idea of sewing by machinery was dropped into the active brain of the future inventor. While he and the other men of the shop were gathered about an incomplete knitting-machine, in conversation with the propertor, the muster of the shop said, in a careless way. Why do you bother yourselves with a knitting-muchine Why not make a sewing machine ?" To which the proprietor of the knitting apparatus replied, "You make a Jowing-machine, and I will insure you an independent fortune." This conversation, in which Elias Howe took no part, and which was immediately forgotten by all but him, made a deep impression upon his mind, and led him to be bitual reflection upon the puzzling problem which it suggested. It was not, however, until three or four years had enapsed, and the charge of a growing family pressed heavily upon a frame unequal to the hadrons in hors of a machinist, that he set himself seriously to the

himself in a garret at Cambridge, 'a December, 1844, and spent five months in the attempt to put into steel and rass the clear conception of a sewing machine which had been gradually formed in his mind. Never was a first attempt at an invention of the first class more successful. In April, 1845, his machine sewed stitches; in May, it ran up seams at the rate of two hundred and fifty stitches a minute—eight times faster than they are usually sewed by hand. In July, two complete suits of cloth clothes were made upon the machine, which was soon after publicly exhibited at Boston, and patented. That identical first sewing-machine, just as Elias Howe finished it in 1845, is now in the iron safe of the Howe Machine Company's establishment in Broadway, and has recently sewed at the rate of three hundred stitches a minute, and sewed as well, though not so fast, as the most improved machine in existence.

The trials of the inventor in getting his invention be-fore the pyblic were long and severe. The whole body of journeymen tailors opposed it, and after two years of effort not one machine had been sold. Mr. Howe, despairing of success in his own country, attempted England. During his two years' residence in London, he was re duced to such an extreme of poverty that he subsisted for a while on Yeans alone, purchased with borrowed money and cooked by himself; and when his wife was about to return to America she was compelled to leave behind part of her own clothes because there was no money to pay the washerwoman.

It was nine years after the completion of the first machine before the invention yielded a subsistence to the inventor, during which has displayed extraordinary perseverance and fortitude. Great has been his reward. Im proved by the admirable devices of Wilson and others, the American Sewing-Machine has become universal; it is employed in every civil-zed country, and is to-day doing the work of millions of hands. It is computed that there are now made in the United States, every working day of the year, one thousand sewing-machines. One of our great manufacturers published a list of thirty-nine of the principal cities of the world in which supplies of his machines are regularly kept, and another owned sewing machine establishments in twenty four cities. It is no unusual for the leading makers, such as the Howe Machine Company, Wheeler & Wilson, Singer Company, Grover & Baker, and Willcox & Gibbs, to self three hund-

red and fifty machines in a single day. These are wonderful feats. The wonder grows upon us when we consider that all this prodigious addition to the working force of mankind-this substantial and universal good which at once enriches and honors the nation-has sprang in 20 years from a thought in the mind of an American mechanic, patiently elaborated in a gerret, and heroically clung to till the world was compelled to ap-

The American Photo-Lithographic Company has just published a remarkable specimen of caligraphy, copied by their new process of "sun-printing," from the original by Professor David Davidson. This is a wonderfully minute and beautiful reproduction, in microscopic text, of the speech of Cyrns W. Field at the banquet given by the New-York Chamber of Commerce to celebrate the laying of the Atlantic Cable. The work is surrounded by an ornamental border containing a good portrait of Mr. Field, and a picture of the Great Eastern, together with the speech in ordinary printing type. Until the invention of the photo-lithographic process, there was no means of multiplying fac-similes of such elaborate specimens of penmanship as Professor Davidson's; but through the agency of this valuable art, any production of the pen, the pencil, printer's type, or the engraver's tool, can be copied with scrupulous exactness by the means of photography, enlarged or reduced in size as occasion may require, and then transferred to stone by chemical action and multiplied to any desired extent. The present publication is interesting not only from its artistic merit and its subject, but also as the first ssue of a company which promises to add largely to our artistic enjoyments.

Gen. R. E. Lee, writing under date of Jan. 12, 1807, asva; "Its simple mechanism, and the experience my daughters have had in operating it make the Willout & Gibbs Sewing-Machine a great favorite is my family,"—Astroptismanes.

## THE STATE OF TRADE.

ST TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUYE.

BUFFALO, April 22.—Flour steady, but very dull. Wheat dull; three care of Canada Spring solf at \$3 00. Corn closed at 1970; better; sales at 22 and 23 and 24 and 25 and 2

changel.

MARPHIS, Tenn., April 22.—Cottan heavy and nominally 21 2/22c.; receipts, 606 hales. Gora active; Prime White, #1 25. Pork firmer at #27 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 0. Basso—Clear Sides, De. The other markets are unchanged. changed.

NAN Financisco, April 20.—Plour firm int quotations are unchanged.

Wheat quiet: Choice, #2 25. Legal tenders, 14.

Withington, N. C., April 22.—Cotton dell at 21c. Spirits Torportine dall at 51c. Robins quiet at \$10 28.

; receipts, 25 bales.
if 22.—4 often quiet; Middling, 22c.; sales to-day, Montale, Am. April 22.—corton quiet; Statung, 24.; sares to-say, 75 baies; receipts, 676 baies.
SAVANNAR, Ga., April 22.—Cotton dell and nominal at 20c.; sales un-mortant; receipts, 450 bales.

hales, receipts, 479 bales.

vannar, Ga., April 22.—Cotton dall and nominal at 20c.; sales unertant; receipts, 430 bales.

zant.excov., April 22.—Cotton firmer; better grades in good demand;

of 150 bales Middlings at 24c.; receipts, 630 bales.

wo Dirkars, April 22.—Cotton esser; sales, 5,000 bales. Low Mid.

t. 22.625c.; receipts 3,400 bales. Sugar, 124c.; prime, Lide.

sacen—prime, 72c. Flouri-samula sales; buvers boding bark for reina. Corn advanced 24.030; sales at \$1.000 \$1.00. Oats dall.

etcody at \$2.500. Baron—Shb. 12c.; Clear Sides, 12c. Lard Sru
mechanged. Whisky, \$2.100 \$3.00. Gold. Lide. Sterling Br.

ge. 147 wildo. New-lork Sight Exchange, 10c; premium.

f. Louis, April 22.—Tobacco steady said unchanged. Cotton dult.

ar duit and unchanged. Wheat firm Spring, \$2.750 \$2.90. Prime

\$3.700 \$4.25. Choice, \$3.800 \$4.90. Oats, Barley, and Bre

langed. Provisions flat. Mess Pork, \$2.250. Bulk Mests dult.

on-Shoulders, \$4.90c. Clear Sides, 121c. Sugar-enced Hano, cale

od. 15pc. Lard nominal at 127 \$7.12c. for Steam and Kettle. Whisky

said at \$2.000 \$4.2.00.

siticano, April 22.—Flour dult for Common: better grades are un
uged, with light sales of Spring Extens at \$12.500 \$41. Wheat dull,

lobbers firm; No. Fadvanced Ic., sales at \$2.44 \$4.25 \$6. closing at

66. Corn is in large speculative inquiry, and advanced Ic.; sales at

66.00 \$1.00 for No. 1, and \$0.970c. for No. 2, closing quiet at \$1.074

No. 1. Oats more active; sales at 55, 2550c. closing at \$2.00 sales. Accom. 1, 400

holder, \$1.00 bash. Corn. 1, 400

holds. Shipments—3.000 bash. Wheat, 150,000

a. Corn. 10,000 bash. Oats.

MICLAND, April 22.—Flour firmer and in good local domand, bet

Receipts—2,000 bits. Flour, 2,300 bush. Wheat, 75 000 bush. Corn. 1,400 bush. Oais. Shipments—0,000 bits. Flour, 25,000 bush. Wheat, 190,000 bush. Oais.

Cincinnati, April 22.—Flour firmer and in good local demand, but optices are unchanged trade brands, \$13,000 \$10; Paner do., \$15; \$10. Wheat unchanged, and little offering; No. 2 Winter, \$3,12. Corn firmer and higher at \$7c. for New in bulk; there has been no Oldi in the market for some mouths. The advance in railway freights to-day checked the shipping demand. Oats dull. Rye, \$1.70. Barley unchanged. Cotton dull and unsettled, and it is not possible to give seen-rate quotations. Whisky dull at New in boad. Proxidous unchanged. Mess Park was held at \$22.50. Bulk Meats, without for Shoulders and Sides Baron, \$6c. for Shoulders, it.e. for Shien, 11;c. for Char Shi do., 12c. for Clear de. Lard unchanged at 12c. Butter dull at \$150.00c. for Princ to Choice. Chesse active at Re. Seeds dull. Sugar steady. Coffee steady, but methanged. Gold. LT3 buying 13th solling. Money eaver at 9 of 12c. Exchange firm at par buying, and 1-10 per cent premium selling.

MARRIED. McCARTIN-BARRY-On Monday, April 22, by the Rev. E. W. Hitch cock, Hours E. McCartin, M. D., to Mary E., daughter of R. A. Barry M. D., all of this city. No cards.

## DIED.

BARRELL—At Orange N. J., on Saturday, April 20, 1867, Ellira, wife of George Harrell, in the 62th year of her age.

Futeral services will take place at her late residence, on Harrison st., on Tuesday, April 23, at 2 o'clock. A train leaves foot of Barelay-st at 1 o'clock p. in. The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cametery to following de-

BLACKLIN—On Sunday morning, April 21, Louisa, infant daughter of J. J. and Helen M. Blacklin.
The friends and relatives of the family are lavited to attend the funeral at No. 263 Union-st., near Court-st., Brooklyu, on Tuesday morning, the 23d last, at 105 o'clock.

CLADE.

CLARK—On Monday evening, April 22, after a brief tilheas, D. P. Clark,
sheror member of the firm of D. P. Clark & Brothees.

The relatives and friends are respectfully isrited to attend the foneral,
at his late residence. No. 444 West Twenty-third-at, on Wednesday,
next, at 12 of clock as, without further notice. The remains will the
taken to Worsester, Mass., for interment.

HATCH—On Monday morning, April 22, Warner Baniels, only child for
Warner D. and Anna K. Hatch.
Fourthi services will take place at the residence of bis narrant.

and Anna K. Hatch.
Trices will take place at the residence of his parents, Sam' fuculabing, on Tuesday, at 3 o'clock p. m. Trains leave the ater's 25 o'clock p. m. Point at 24 o'clock p. m.

HANCOCK.—On Sunday, April 21, Ann, wife of Robert Hancock, An the
Tist year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the friends at the residence of her acon in law. Mr. Afreed Collins, No. 102 B. gandsony,
Brooklyn, E. D. on Theaday, the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock, wit nont further business.

Brooklyn, K. D. on Tanaday, the 23d inst., at 2 o clock, wit aout farther invitation.

BOSAN—At Fordbaw, N. Y., on Saturday, the 20th inst., at the residence of her son-inclaw, Dr. Engene Pragnet, Eliza He ion Hogan,
withow of the late Hobert Hogan of New York, in her 64th year.
The relatives and frands of the family, also those of her sons-in-law,
Hoswell D. Hatch and Dr. Engene Pragnet, are respected the invited to
attend her funeral, on Tuesday, the 23d inst., at 10) o's ock, from 8t.
Francis Xavier's Church, Sixteenth-st., between Frith and Salabares,
where a requirer mass will be echetrated. The remains will be intered
in the family want at St. Patrick's Cathedral.

HARISON—On Sunday, April 22, William R., son of the late Arthur N.
and Jane P. Harrices, aged 199 years, d months and 13 days,
and Jane P. Harrices, aged 199 years, d months and 13 days and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend
the fameral, on Tuesday, the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock from his late residence, No. 65 Fourth-st, near South Sixth, Brookly pr., E. D.
PLATT—On Monday, April 22, Charles H. Platt, aged 40 years and 14
days.

His relatives and friends, with those of his broth as Prod. J. Platt.

days.

His relatives and friends, with share of his brett er, Fred. L. Platt, see
His relatives and friends, with share of his brett er, Fred. L. Platt, see
respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on \ V-ednesday afternoon, at
2 o'clock, from No. 20th
RICHARDS-On Monday, April 22, Margare', Tifft, wife of James R.

Blands

Richards.
The friends of the family are instited to after A the fineral from her late residence. No. 100 kiast rificults., on T hursday, the 25th just, at 1

o'clock p. m.

SMITH—On Sunday, April 21, after a ll agering illness, Mrs. Susan H.

Smith, reliet of Phiseas W. Smith, in the Stat year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully lavited to attend her fineral, from her fate residence. No. 20 Bridge at., Brooklyn, on Tuesday moraling, the 23d inst. at 10 w'clock.

THOMAS—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, the 21st inst., Ephraim Thomas, THOM SS-In Broadys, spend of this sound in Jaw, George Spear and R. W. Varner, are invited to attend his funer al. on Taesday afternoon, at 25 o'chork, from his late residence, Ham' toniest, near Gates ave.

WOOD—On Menday morning. April 22, in her 32d year, Sarah Wood, daughter of the late Samm of Wood, bookseller, of this city. Funeral this (Tuesday) a terroon, at 4 o'clock, at her late residence, copper of Spesudays. and One-hundred and twenty-fourth-st.

A Card.—MC Chning GOODS of every desirable kind, constantly on hand at JACL NON'S Morning Store, No. 551 Breadway, opposite Tifacy & Co's, Prices very reservable.

Special Notices.

LITERALLY DURKE

Wondelf Phillips will speak in the Brooklyn Academy of Musi TUESDAY EVENING, April 23. Subject-National Affairs Tickets

50 cents; no extra charge for reserved scate; for sale at S. Dyan & Cota, No. 246 Fulton-at., Brooklyw, and at the door. Union Republican Candidates for Delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

ELECTION TURNONY, APRIL 22.

The following are the regularly assumated candidates of the Orion

The following are the regularly commuted candidates of the tempolicans:

FOR DELEGATIVE AND THE SENSITION COOKE.

WALDO HUTCHINN.

WILLIAM M. EVARTS, MARTIN I. TOWNSRND.

GEORGE OPDYKE.

AUGUSTINE J. H. DUGANNE, CHARLES ANDREWS,
GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS, TRACEV BRADLE.

HORACE GRABLEV.

JOSHUA M. VAN COTT, KRACEV BRADLE.

Lat. Hd. Hid, IVID, VILL, VILL, VILL, XIVID WASLANDER L.

JOHN FITCH.

P. J. MCALEAR, VIR SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

VIRTUM, JOHN T. HENSIE,
ANDREW BLEAKLEY.

NORMAN STRATTON,
HENRY EVERETT RUSSELL, ISAAC DATTON.

HENRY EVERETT RUSSELL, ISAAC DATTON.

THOMAS LUTTLE.

HENRY ZEIMER.

JOHN A MCLOUGHLEN.

THOMAS LUTTILE,

LENEY ZEIMER,

JOHN A. McLOUGHLEN.

VITTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

VITTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

XVIIIN, XXIII, AND XXIII WATE.

JONATHAN EDIGAR,

JOHN A. POSTER.

DORMAN B. EATON,

THOMAS B. VAN BURES.

VITTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

CHARLES CHENEY,

CHARLES CRARY,

HAMILTON HARRIS, Chairman Union Republican State Committee.

BERLY, FIRED, Chairman Recentive Committee.

CHAR. S. Seknorn, Chairman Union Bepublican State Committee.

SINGLAIR TOUREY, Tressurer Union Republican General Committee.
WM. DRUNNOND, Secretaries Union Republican General Committee.
CHAS. S. STROND, Socretaries Union Republican Executive ComJOHN H. WHITE, Vice-Chairman Union Republican Executive Com-American Institute Farmer's H lube-America of the Club-rill be held TO-DAY (Tuesdar), Zil had, at 15 o'clock, at the rooms of the Institute, in the Cooper Sainting. All interested in Agricottend provement are invited.

The Quarterly Session of the GRAND DIVISION S. 6T. of Eastern Kew York, will be held TO MORROW (Weinesday) April M. in the New Hall of Neptune Division, south-west corner of Alfen and Grandsta, New York, at To clock p. m. An election will take place to Mt the vacanty occasioned by the death of our late G. W. P. ALVAN-H. TURNER. Representatives are requested to be punctual in their statemans.

#### The Union

PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,

FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTY-YEAR BONDS, BEARING SIX PER CENT INTEREST.

pointed by the President of the United States, offer their

PAYABLE SEMI-ANNUALLY IN GOLD. For sale through the CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,

NO. 7 NASSAUSE. and Messra, CLARK, DODGE & Co., BANKERS, NO. 51 WALL-ST. In the City of New York. at NINETY PER CENT of their par value, with Accrued Interest.

These Bonds are second by a FIRST MORTOAGE on the RAIL-ROAD AND EQUIPMENT OF SIXTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS PER MILE, much less than one half the cost of the Road. THERE HUNDRED AND FIVE MILES have been completed in the cost substantial manner, and fully equipped with rolling stock locomotives, machine and car shops, engine houses, and station buildings, built mostly

APPROVED AND ACCEPTED BY THE GOVERNMENT after an examination and report by the Government Commissioners, and is now in successful operation.

The Company has on hand iron, tier, and all other material sufficient to complete the Road to the Rocky Mountains-a-distance from Omale of 517 miles-by the lat of September, the time pledged for its completion by the contractor. TWELVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED (12,500) ACRES OF LAND PER MILE are granted to five Company by the Government in addition to the subsidy of SIXTEEN THOUSAND DOL-LARS OF GOVERNMENT BONDS FOR EACH MILE OF ROAD AS COMPLETED. The Chicago and North-Western Raifroad, now completed, connects with this Road at Omaks, and is doing a large busifiers in passengers and freight.

The Chicago, Rock Island, and Pacific the Chicago, Burlington Quincy, and the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railmani Companies expect to extend connecting links of road to Omalia during the next year; so that four Trunk Railroads from the East will soon greatly contribute to the business of this Road, and the Central Parific being constructed with great energy from California to meet this Great National Railroad across freight, it can possibly accommodate. The interest on these Bonds being parable in gold, and the issue so small per mile, there can be no question as to their safety, and the Company has no hesitation to recommending them to the public. Arrangements are being made with the Nation Banks generally throughout the country far the accommodation of investors in these Bouls. The Hou. E. D. MORGAN, and the Hou.

JOHN J. CISCO, Transcer. blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the bu nors that make disease.

Patent Combination

MACHINE BELTING AND HOSE, SUPERIOR TO

LEATHER OR RUBBER.

This BRITING being COATRD WITH GUTTA-PRICHA, does not STRETCH, ADDRERS FIRMLY TO THE POLICE, IS PLIADER and NOT. APPROTED BY O'LLS, ACIDS, ALKALIES, STRAM, IREAT, COLO, OR OUT-Doon Exposuma.

THE COMBINATION HOSE Is also conted inside and out with Gutta-Percha, and is the outr hose that will convey Live Stram, Acids, Perchasely and order Olica without injury. It is unequaled for Steam Pire-Rogines, and we call the special

FIRE DEPARTMENTS To the fact that at several trials it has slood without numerous or aware-two a purescure of more than 300 pounds to the square inch, being doublethat of Leather or Rubber Hose.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST. BENEDICT, TORREY & TWOMBLY,

No. 6 PARK-PLACE,
NEXT DOOR TO THE BROADWAY BANK NEW YORK
Young Ladies, Beware:
Of the injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such reme edies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the com-plexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy, and contiful appearance, use HELMHOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

Removal. ALEXANDER ROUN HAS REMOVED FROM NA. CO BROADWAY TO THE NEW "-MARBLE STORES, Nos. 227 AND 329 BROADWAY. Beside an entirely new assertment of rich SPRNITURE, a lot of analytic

class goods of the oblistack, will be offered at great reduction.

In the Spring Months, the statem attractive undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HESBLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SAR-SAPARILLA is an assistant of the great salvadue.

Siecve Buttons Jund Studs New Styles Tup, Three.

Four, Five, Six, Eigha, Ton to Seventy-Lev Dollars a Set, for sale by G. C. Aglick, No. 415 Randway, one door below Canal et. Har-Rings and Pins, new aples, Ameliyet, Garbanalo, Garnel, Har-Rings and Pins, new system, American, Peach, Sci. and all Etruscan, Raamohel, Goyr, Cameo. Goral, Mainribe. Peach, Sci. and all other styles, for sale by GEO. C. Allies, No. 4th trood ray one-door below Canabat.

Watches, and Jewobry

of all descriptions and STERLING SILVER-WARE GRO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway

Fine Gold Watch Chains, one stotes of all descriptionallie A Clear, Smooth Skin and Benutiful Complexion of the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SAR-It removes black apots, pimples, and all eraptions of the ship.

"Heh." Swayne's dintment.

To swayne's ointment.

CRES SALT SHELM.

CRES TO HANG PILLIS

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.

CRES SCALD HEAD.

Agent for New-York, HELMBOLD, Ng. 204 Broadway.

Tienmun's Laundry Blue, for Family Use. This Blue is preectly pure, and free from acid. Sold by gracers and druggists throughout the United States. J. H. TIRMANN, Agent. No. 240 Pearl at. N. V.

the United States. J. H. TIEMANN, Agent, No. 240 Pearl at. K. Y.

Not a few (of the worst disorders that affect mankind scars
from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

Clothes Wringers of all sinds promptly repaired or taken in
part pay for the "Universal," with the "aton year, which is warranted
to be durable. Dealers supplied with floy; a Washing Machine and the
"Universal" Wringer, METROPOLITAN WARAIMO MACHINE Co.
R. C. BROWNING, General Agent, No. 22 Courtlandt-st., (oppositeMerchanty Hotel).

Clothes Wringers of all kinds REPAIRED by the BAILER WASHING AND WRINGING MACHINE COMPANY, No. 17 Court-Those who desire Brilliancy of Complexion must pe rify and curich the blood, which HELMHOLD'S CONCRNUCATION EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for HELM-

Gentlemen's Hata-Spring Style for 1867.

For a stylish and elegant flat go to KSPKNSCHIED'S, Manufacturer, No. 113 Nasan-St.

The Methusek P and, No. 624 frost may has a great and in a mail bady the result of new a rangement and radical improvement, approved by the highest autoo. 4: 5. See Syperisement under Planes.

One Hundred Thousand Sours on hand. Catalogues from LEGGAT BROTHERS, he 113 Nassau at, helps Benkuna.

"Singer's Hair Resto", arrive" eraffects Deartreft, and positively restores the Hair and it a color. Depairs, No. 529 Breadway and Hair 29 Massau at Sold by Dry grain generally.